

Integrated Healthcare Conference: Integrating Care for People and Communities

The Auditorium, Convention Centre Dublin 4 September, 2025. 11:45 – 13:00





Welcome & Introduction

Damien McCallion
CTTO & Deputy CEO of the HSE

Integrating Care for People and Communities Agenda

Details	Speakers			
Introduction and welcome	Damien McCallion, CTTO and Deputy CEO			
Where we are on our journey towards integrated care	Damien McCallion, CTTO and Deputy CEO			
where we are on our journey towards integrated care	Tony Canavan, REO HSE West and Northwest			
Best international practice in integrating care for people and	Sarah Reed, Senior Fellow, Nuffield Trust			
communities				
	Anne Lawlor, Co-chair of the HSE Patient Forum			
	Lorna Kerin, Regional Patient Service User Lead			
Panel Discussion:	Mary McGrath, Health and Social Care Professions Regional Integration Development Lead			
Integrating care for people and communities	Eileen Whelan, Regional Director of Nursing and Midwifery			
	Dr Siobhán Ní Bhriain, Regional Lead for Medicine, HSE Dublin and Midlands			
	Sarah Reed, Senior Fellow, Nuffield Trust			
	Anne Lawlor, Co-chair of the HSE Patient Forum			
Reflections and final comments	Damien McCallion, CTTO and Deputy CEO			
	Tony Canavan, REO HSE West and Northwest			



Where we are on our Journey Towards Integrated Care

Tony Canavan, REO HSE West and Northwest Damien McCallion, CTTO & Deputy CEO of HSE

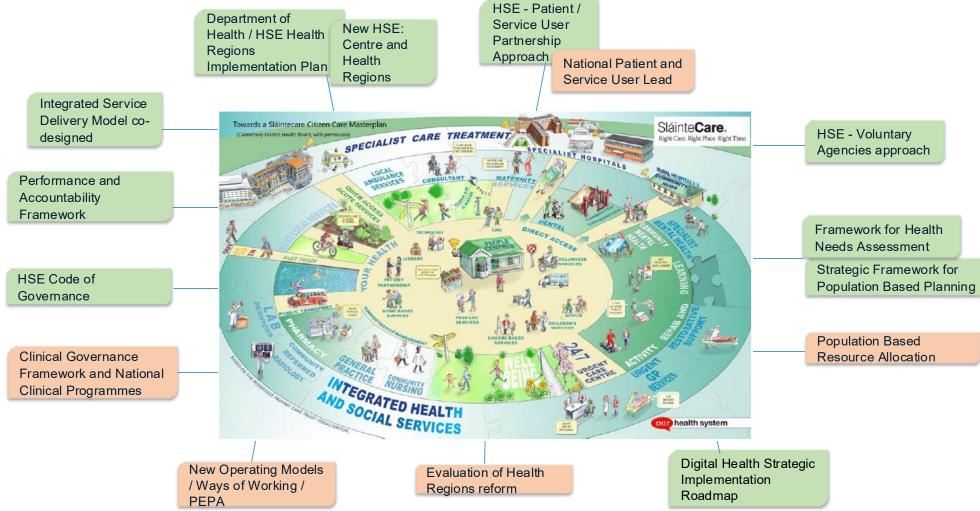


Integrating Care for People and Communities





Delivering integrated care for people and communities requires whole system change: National Perspective



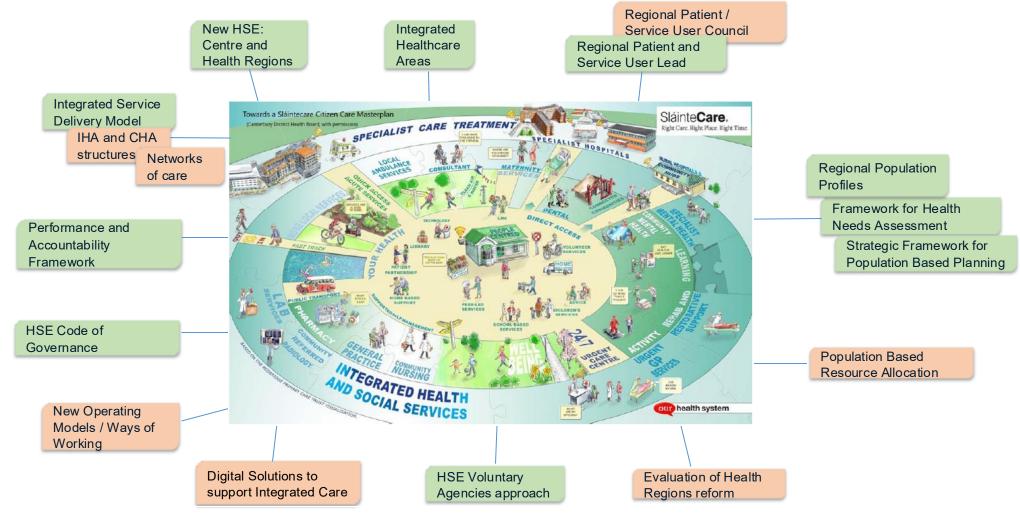


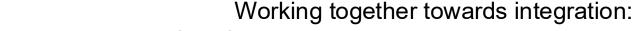
Working together towards integration:

Realising the benefits of whole system changes will require people and culture change



Delivering integrated care for people and communities requires whole system change: Regional Perspective





Realising the benefits of whole system changes will require people and culture change





Integrating Care for People and Communities: Best international practice

Sarah Reed, Senior Fellow, Nuffield Trust

Integrating care and moving services out of hospital

International Lessons

Sarah Reed, Senior Fellow, Nuffield Trust



Context and background





(1970 - 1990)(2010-2020)(1990-2010)

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CARE

....and more to come



(2025)

- Expanding existing capacity of GP clinics, pharmacies, diagnostic centres
- Re-locating services from hospitals to communities and the home
- Boosting prevention and health promotion

Our approach

 Case study analysis to learn from attempts at reform in other countries:

Scoping review of potential case studies

Scoping discussions and shadowing with UK experts / stakeholders

Semi-structured interviews + thematic analysis

Review of published literature to triangulate interview findings

Structured review of policy documents + thematic analysis

External review and QA with national and international experts



Why Denmark and Ireland?





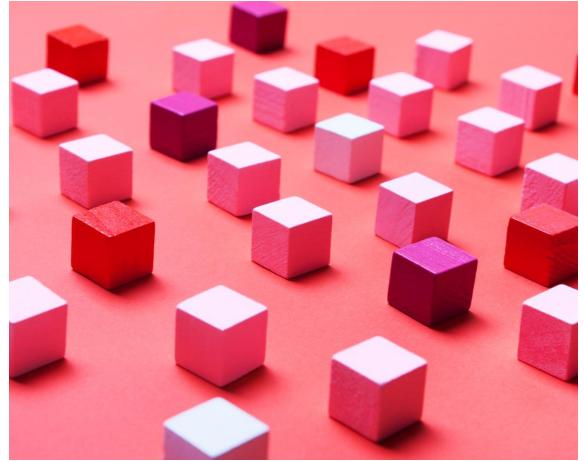
- At the start of reform journey
- Health system widely viewed as exemplary, more ideal conditions for shift
- Some common drivers for reform: demographic challenges, relative prioritisation of acute sector, inequitable distribution of resources

- 8+ years into reform journey
- Entering reform from similar place of system pressure: e.g. long elective waits
- Some common features of reform, e.g. focus on neighbourhood hubs and delivery

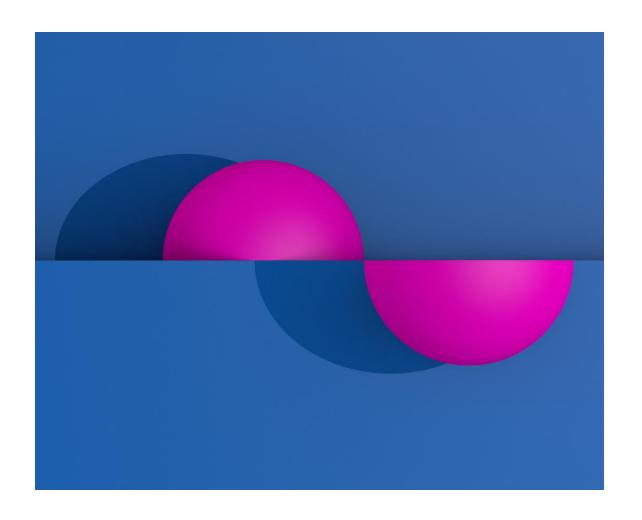
International learning

1. Political consensus and collaboration are precious assets for reform

- "My biggest wish for the UK in this process, and the biggest benefit that we've had in this process, is that there has been all-party agreement on what to do... So every new flavour of government that comes in might take a slightly different slant on things...but there's agreement that we'll continue to move forward with the large stuff...
 - (National policy maker, Ireland)



2. Disjointed policy making can derail plans



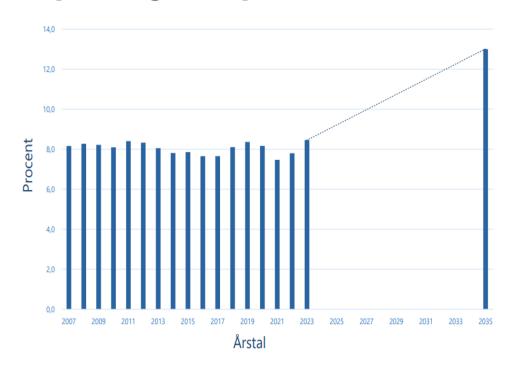
- "We had very significant upfront investment and the government kept following through on its promise of funding year on year, which made it possible to develop these new services... But now it's stalled, which means we can't develop much further..."
 - (System lead, Ireland)

3. Shifting care = building community capacity, not cutting hospitals

"You can't just take resource out of the acute sector and expect the acute sector to work well... You need to invest in other services in a deliberate way that decreases demand on hospitals simultaneously"

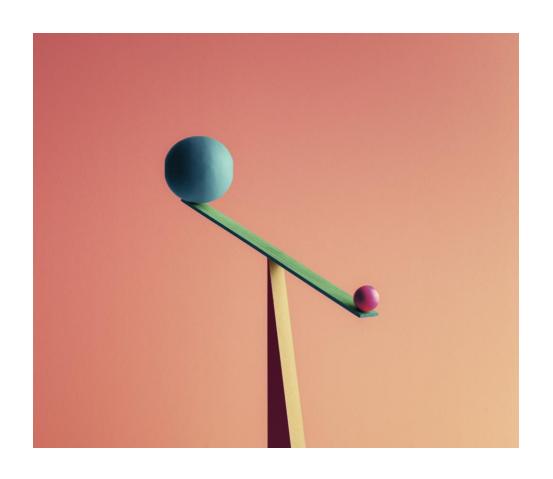
(System lead, Ireland)

Proportion of total regional healthcare expenditure spent on general practice (2007-2035)





....but this balance can be fragile



- "If there is a huge cancer scandal or something in hospitals... sometimes it is very difficult to contain the costs of hospitals. There's a driving force into the hospitals sector, so we really have to tame that."
- Municipal policy lead, Denmark
- "The danger all the time is that as the pressure comes on with trolleys and beds again, the political system focus goes back to acutes"
- National policymaker, Ireland

4. Shifting care means shifting staff, not just money

"If one should say anything good about this reform, I think it is that we're trying to use different tools to move the doctors to the areas where they are most needed."

(Academic, Denmark)



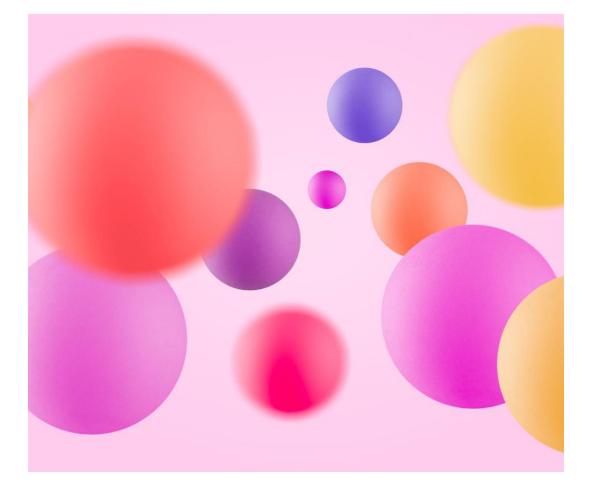
5. Managing the unintended consequences of reform

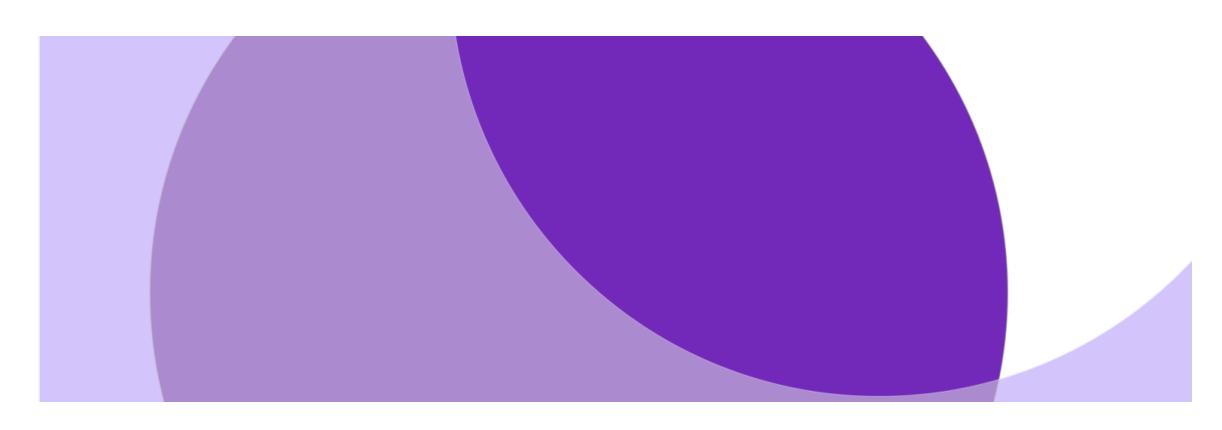
"[Hospital consultants] have admitted to rejecting more referrals out of a need to be stricter on keeping within their budget. This is totally insane because my practice is open. I cannot shut the door. If a patient doesn't get what they need in the hospital, they come back to me and that's stressful."

(GP, Denmark)

"So many more bloods are being done now with the chronic disease hubs – to the point that labs can't function anymore. Nobody seemed to think "Well, the labs might need more capacity if you're going to create all this extra work"

(GP, Ireland)







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Relative system advantages and disadvantages for reform in England, Denmark and Ireland

System feature	England	Denmark	Ireland
Ageing population with increasing chronic illness	Ageing population with rising complexity	Ageing population with rising complexity	Relatively younger population, but an ageing population with a growing prevalence of chronic disease
System size and complexity	Larger, centralised	Smaller, decentralised	Smaller, more centralised
Health care access	Universal coverage	Universal coverage	No universal coverage – entitlements to health care are based on income, age and health status
Health spending	Lower relative health spending per person	Higher relative health spending per person	Health spending per person is closely aligned with the UK in some years but is typically higher
Data and digital infrastructure	More highly developed, but community data are still limited	More highly developed, but community data are still limited	Improving, but more limited
Health care staffing	Fewer nurses per person Low numbers of GPs per person, with shortages in some areas	More nurses per person than the UK, but shortages are still a problem Low numbers of GPs per person, with shortages in some areas	More nurses per person than the UK, but shortages are still a problem Low numbers of GPs per capita with shortages in some areas
Acute pressures	Long waits for hospital treatment	Waiting times managed relative to the UK and Ireland	Long waits for public hospital treatment

Denmark – timeline so far

Sundhed tæt på dig (Health Close to You)

2007-22: major structural reorganisation followed by development of worldclass, consolidated, acute hospital sector



2022: left-right coalition government agree on need for reform to enable community services to support new structure



2022: Health Structure Commission, comprised of 9 non-affiliated experts, formed to design options for reform



2024: Commission reports in June, with 'Health Close to You' reforms subsequently introduced in September



Denmark's reforms

(Health Close to You)







Ireland's reforms

Sláintecare

2016: all-party motion to develop 10-year strategy for health reform

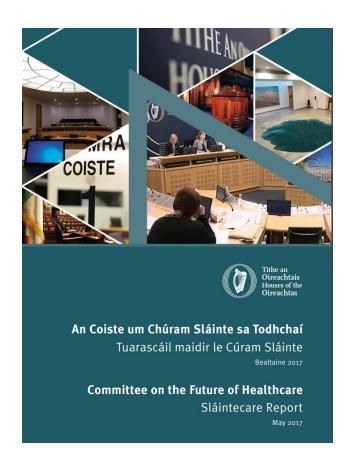
2017: all-party committee on the Future of Healthcare develops Sláintecare report, setting out reform plans

2021: Enhanced Community Care programme launched

2024: 6 health regions formed, covering all health and care services in each geographical area

Ireland's reforms









Integrating Care for People and Communities: Panel Discussion

Anne Lawlor, Co-Chair of the HSE Patient Forum
Lorna Kerin, Regional Patient Service User Lead
Mary McGrath, HSCP Regional Integration Development Lead
Eileen Whelan, Regional Director of Nursing and Midwifery
Dr Siobhán Ní Bhriain, Regional Lead for Medicine, HSE Dublin and Midlands
Sarah Reed, Senior Fellow, Nuffield Trust



Integrating Care for People and Communities: Reflections and Final Comments

Anne Lawlor, Co-Chair of the HSE Patient Forum Tony Canavan, REO HSE West and Northwest Damien McCallion, HSE CTTO & Deputy CEO